

Microservices as an Evolutionary Architecture: Lessons learned

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Who am I?



- Software Engineer @Sensedia
- MBA in Java projects
- Java and Microservice enthusiast

Who am I?

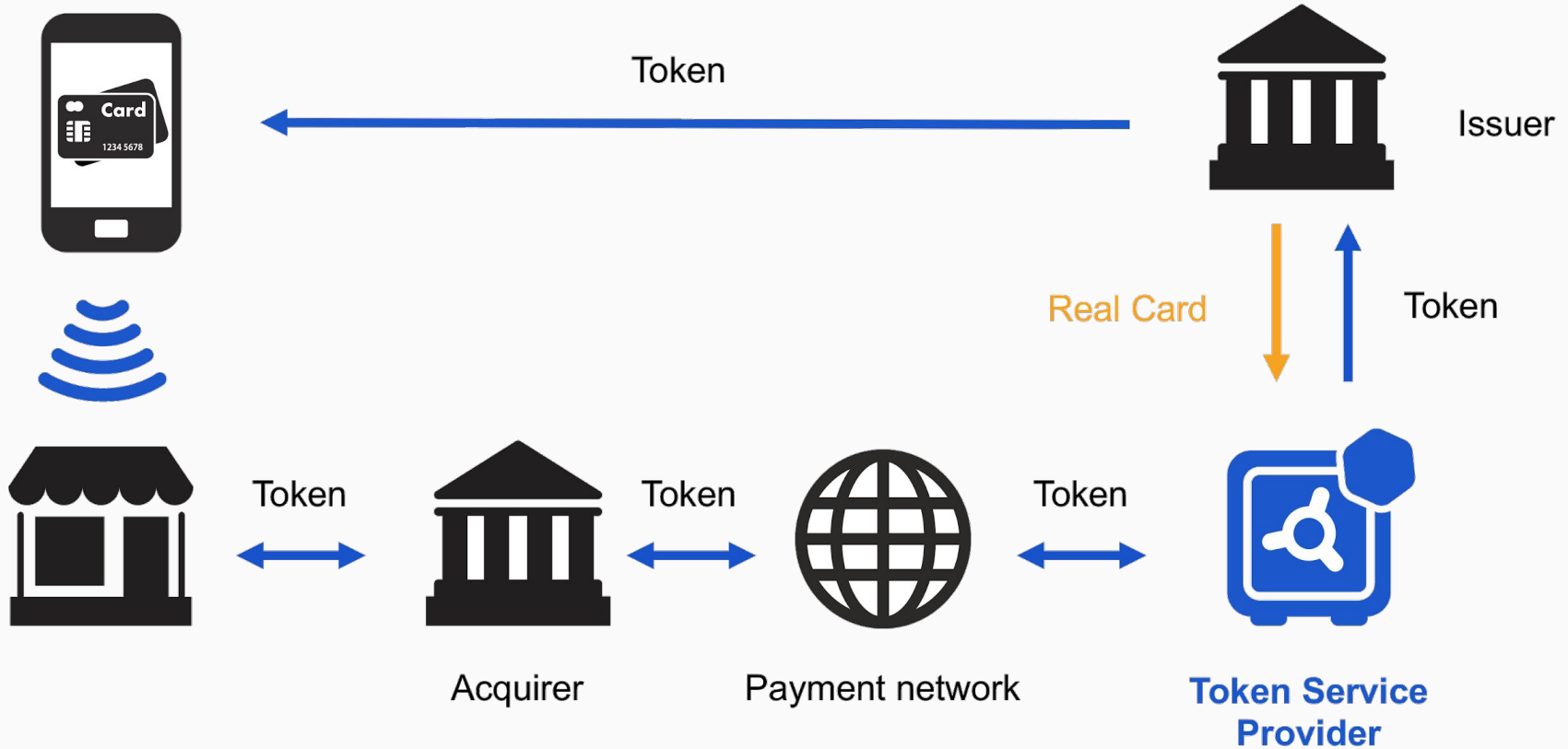


- Lead Solutions Architect @Sensedia
- Book Author
- Spring, Java and Cloud Native enthusiast

- Use Case
- Microservices & Evolutionary Architecture
- Domain Driven Design (DDD)
- Communication Patterns
- Concurrency Patterns
- Observability
- Questions

Use case

Use case



THE CHALLENGE

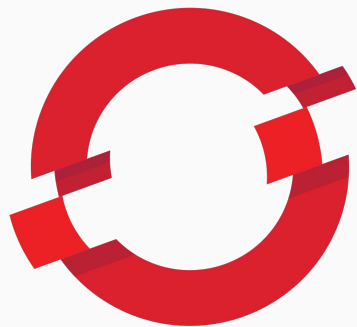


Response time



Throughput





OPENSIFT



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API PLATFORM

In the beginning

As is

- Single communication pattern
- Java & Spring everywhere
- Synchronous process everywhere
- Traffic east-west in the API Gateway
- 50 - 60% of our commits during the sprint were in the same repository
- Service with different workload requirements (Crypto and Business)

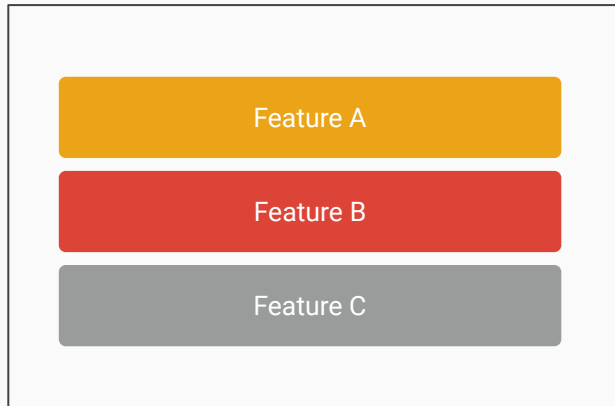
We were in the wrong way to
adopt **microservices architecture!**



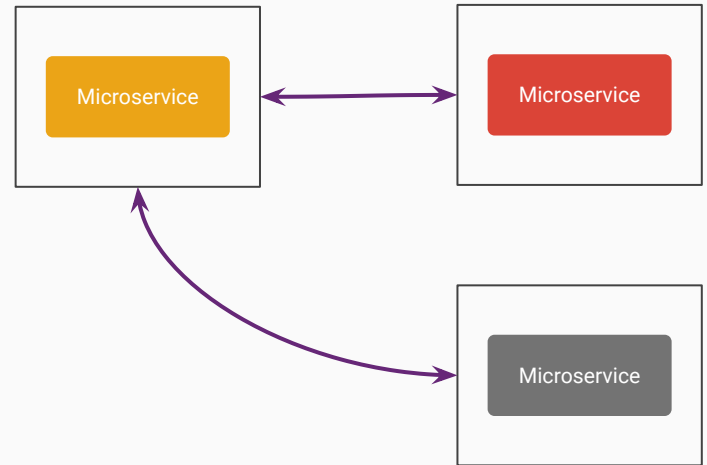
Let's **recap** what is the
microservices architecture!

Moving to Microservices

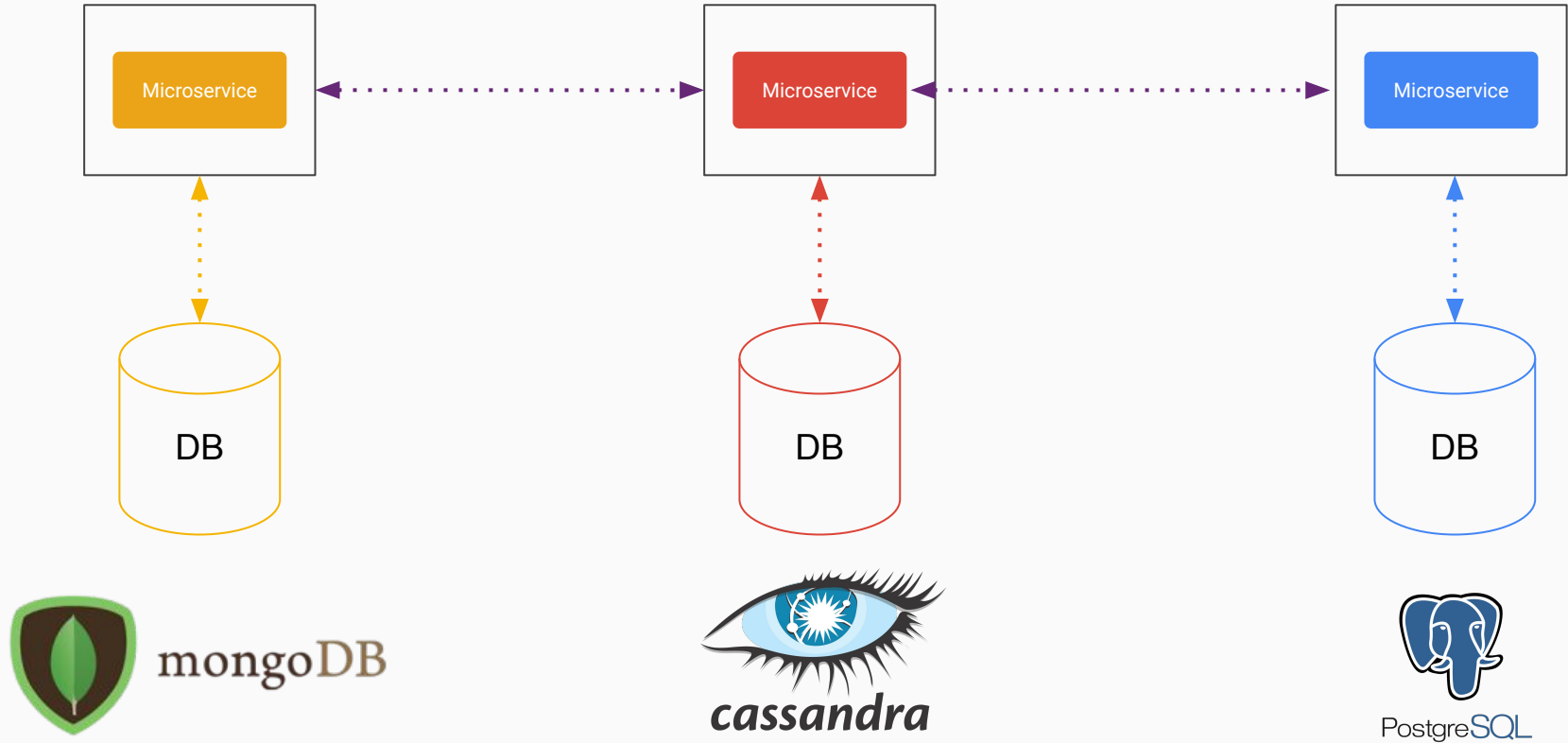
Monolith



Microservices



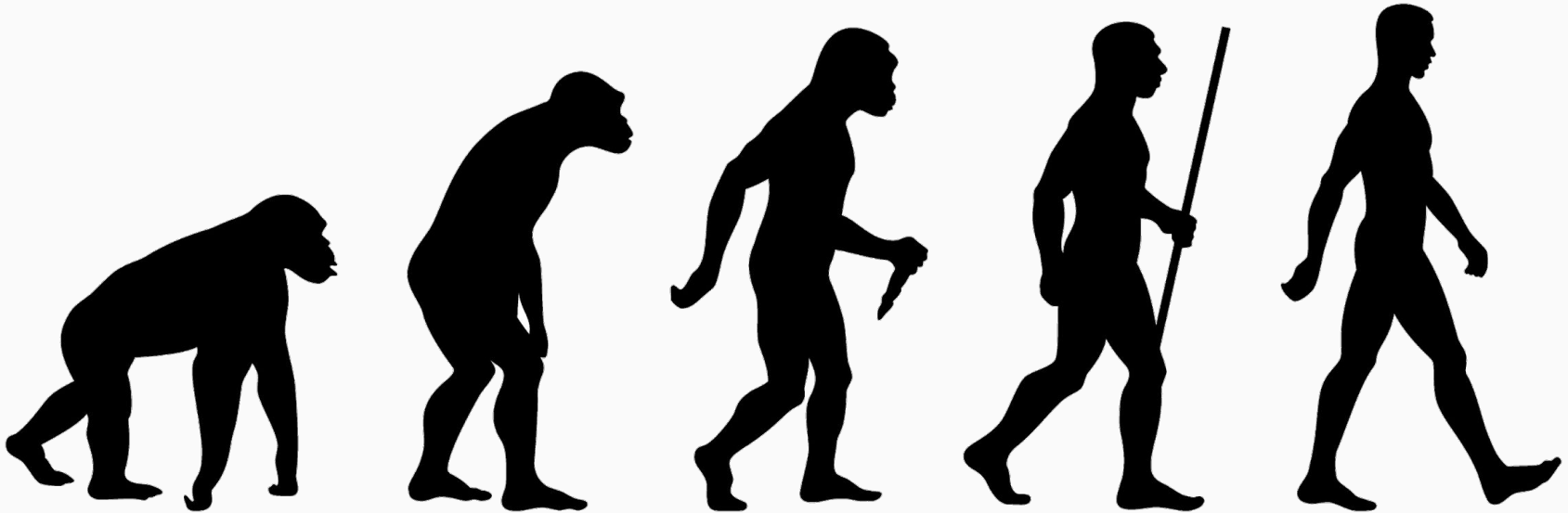
Technological Heterogeneity



Evolutionary Architecture

Evolutionary Architecture

An evolutionary architecture supports guided, incremental change as a first principle across multiple dimensions.

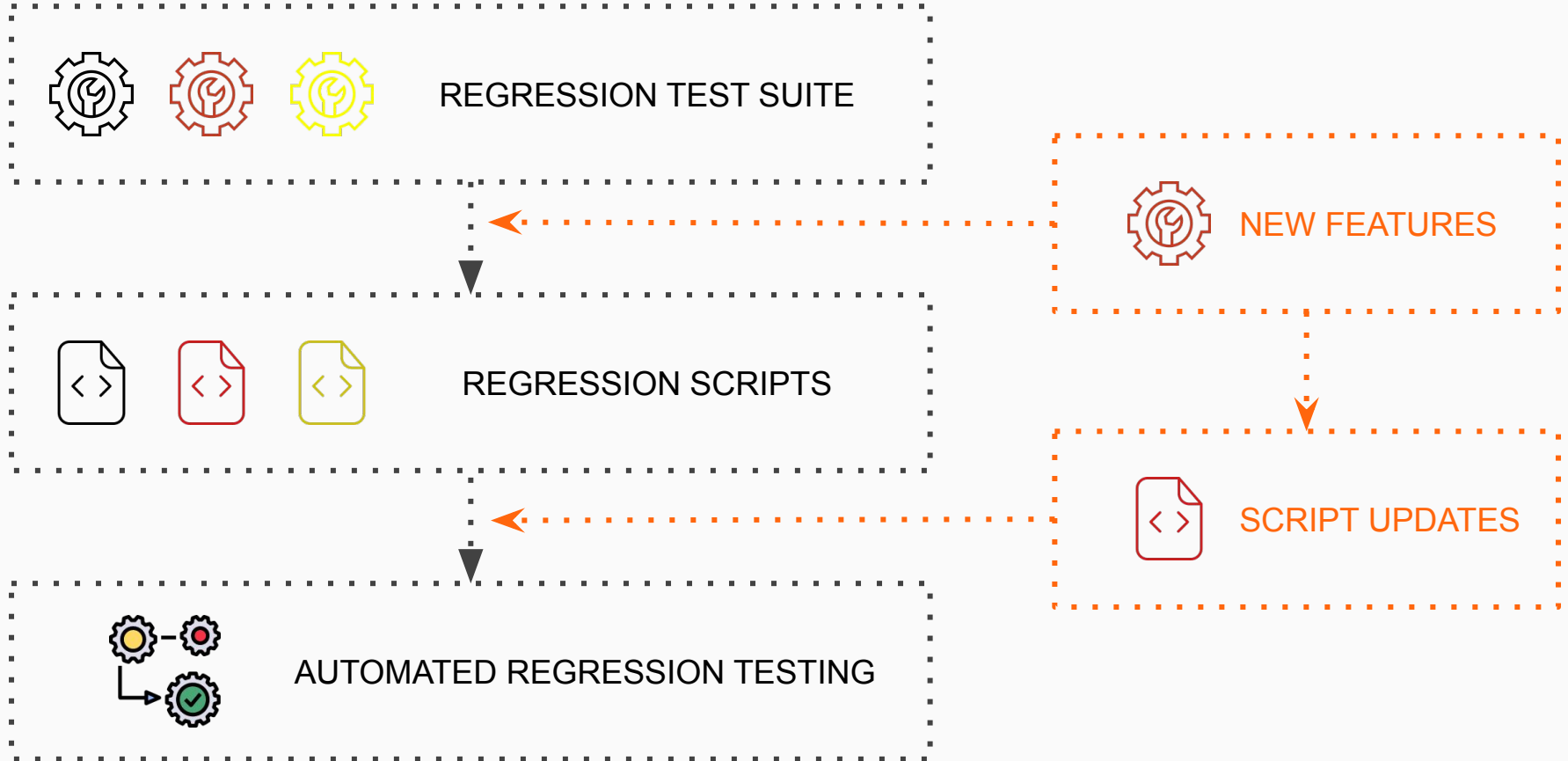


Before make a architectural
decision, we need to be confident!

How?

Regression Tests

Regression Tests



We have tests coverage and now?

Domain Driven Design (DDD)

Domain Driven Design (DDD)

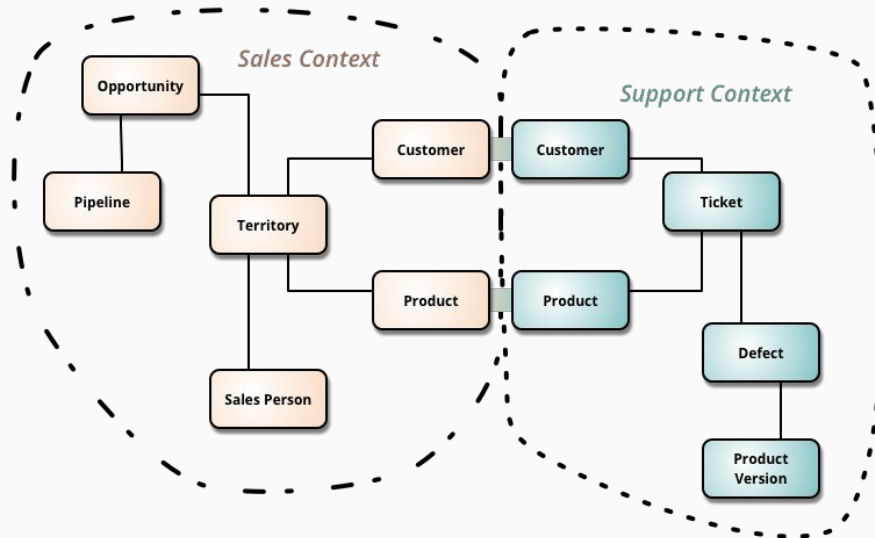
Domain-driven design (DDD) is an approach to developing software for complex needs by deeply connecting the implementation to an evolving model of the core **business concepts**.

- Place the project's primary focus on the **core domain** and **domain logic**
- Base **complex designs** on a model
- Initiate a creative collaboration between **technical** and **domain experts** to iteratively cut ever closer to the conceptual heart of the problem.

We are trying to figure out the technique to **divide services**, what part of **DDD** can help us?

Domain Driven Design - Bounded Context

Bounded Context is a **central** pattern in Domain-Driven Design. It is the focus of DDD's strategic design section which is all about dealing with **large models** and **teams**. DDD deals with large models by dividing them into different Bounded Contexts and being **explicit** about their interrelationships.



We separated the **responsibilities**
and now?

Communication Patterns

A scene from the movie Toy Story showing Woody and Buzz Lightyear. Woody is on the left, looking slightly concerned. Buzz is on the right, wearing his iconic green and purple space suit, with his arms raised in a celebratory gesture. The background is a simple room with a door and a window with stars on the wall.

REST API

REST API, EVERYWHERE

Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP)



- Introducing Message-Driven Programming with Low Level Events
- Fire & Forget principle
- Durable Messages (avoid Circuit Breakers & Retries)
- Better Scale strategies & Application Decoupling
- Fits well for 3rd partners integrations



- Keep track of events otherwise you will have problems
- We used retries to put message in the queue
- Take care of the data into the message (security concerns)

 RabbitMQ

The logo for RabbitMQ, featuring an orange square icon with a white rabbit silhouette on the left, followed by the text "RabbitMQ" in a sans-serif font. "Rabbit" is in orange and "MQ" is in a lighter grey color.

↳ GRPC ↩



- HTTP Connections are stateful (avoid open & close)
- Static Typed & Well Defined Contracts
- Reduce serialization complexity & improve efficiency
- Easy Peasy to integrate (there is code generation based in .proto)
- Traffic is binary reduce bandwidth usage



- Load Balancing and Client Load Balancing
- We used in the high throughput solution
- By definition in general we use for internal communication (a.k.a East-West)
- Not for humans, designed by machine communications

gRPC

{ REST }



- Well documented Style
- “De-Facto” Pattern for Microservices Architecture
- “*Toolability*”
- Security



- Well documented Style
- For Humans, fits very well for External APIs (API Strategy)
- API Management provided by Sensedia offers interesting features to troubleshoot

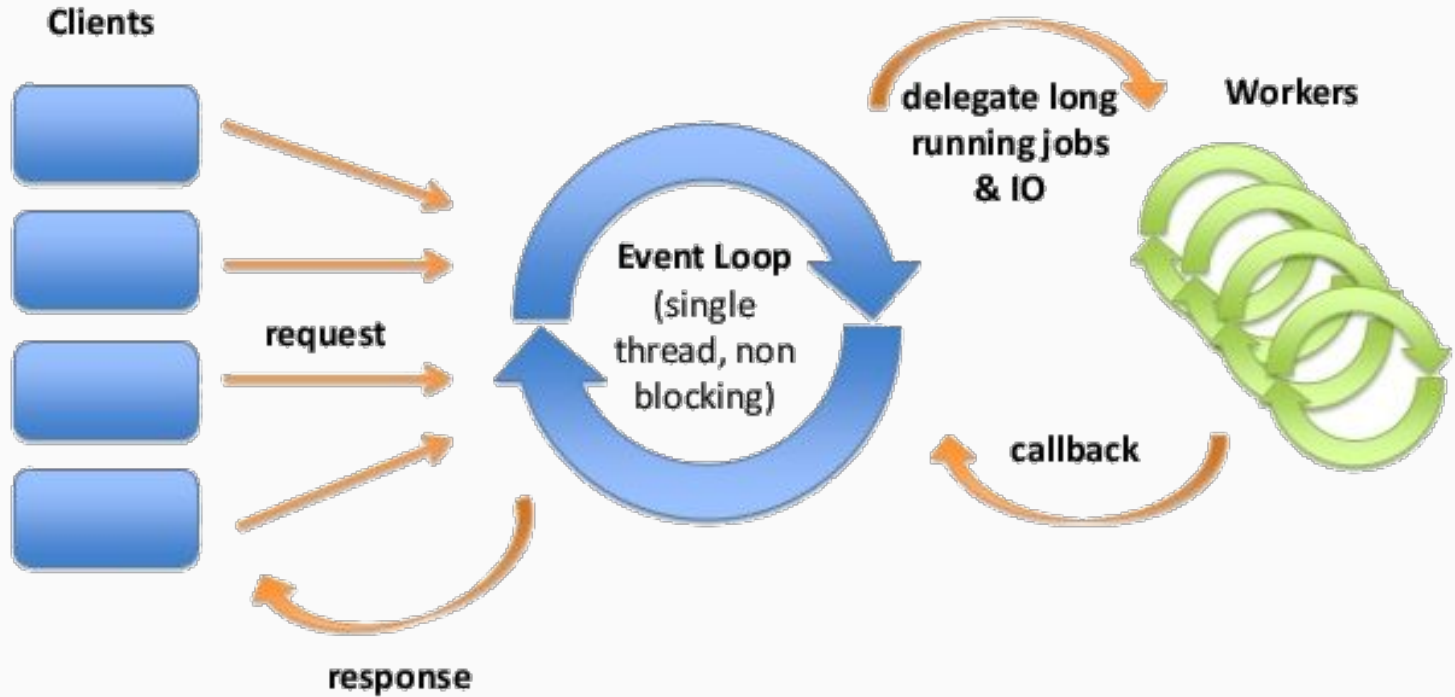
{ REST }

We have tests, responsibilities
and communication!

It is possible to improve more?

Reactor Pattern & Reactive Programming

Reactor Pattern & Reactive Programming



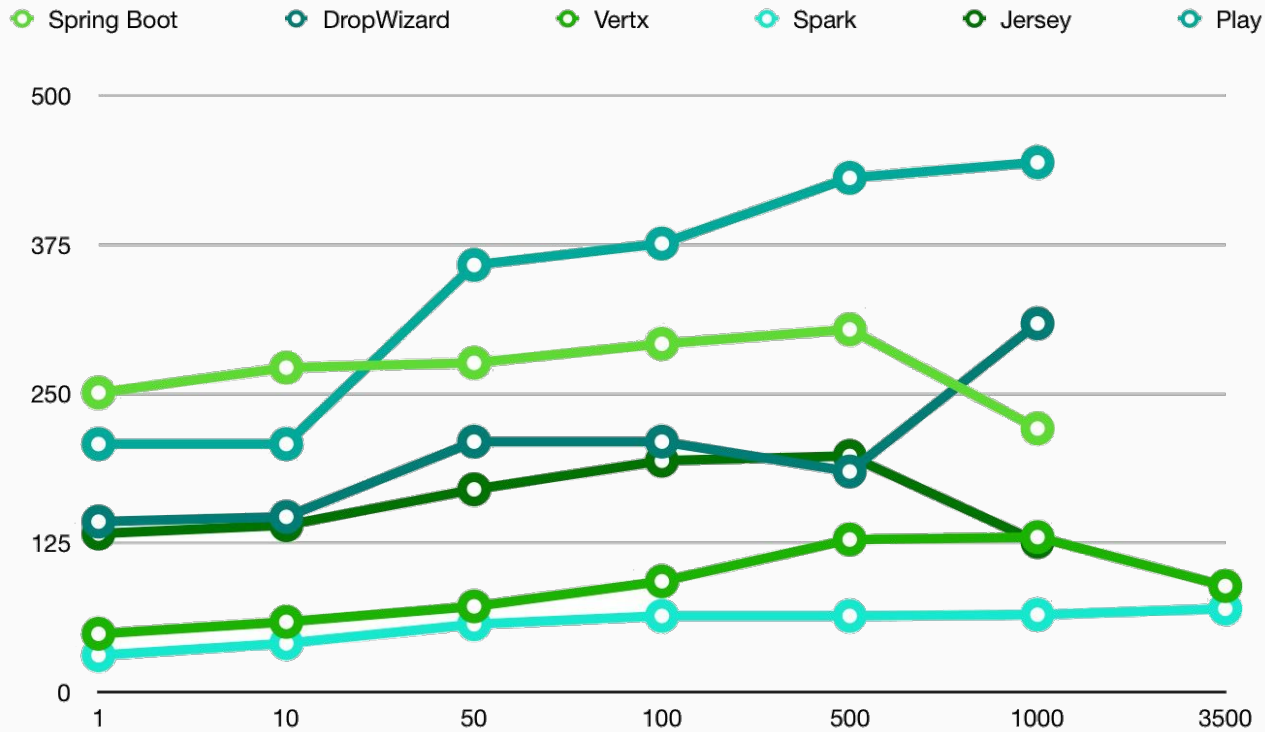


Reactive programming is an asynchronous programming paradigm concerned with data streams and the propagation of change.

- Easier to read, maintain and evolve
- Low memory footprint
- Scalability

VERT.X

Reactive Programming





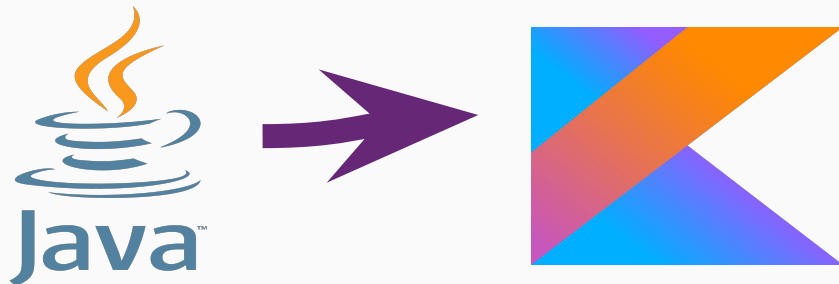
- Never blocks the event loop
- Callback hell
- Don't look memory, look the event loop size

Language



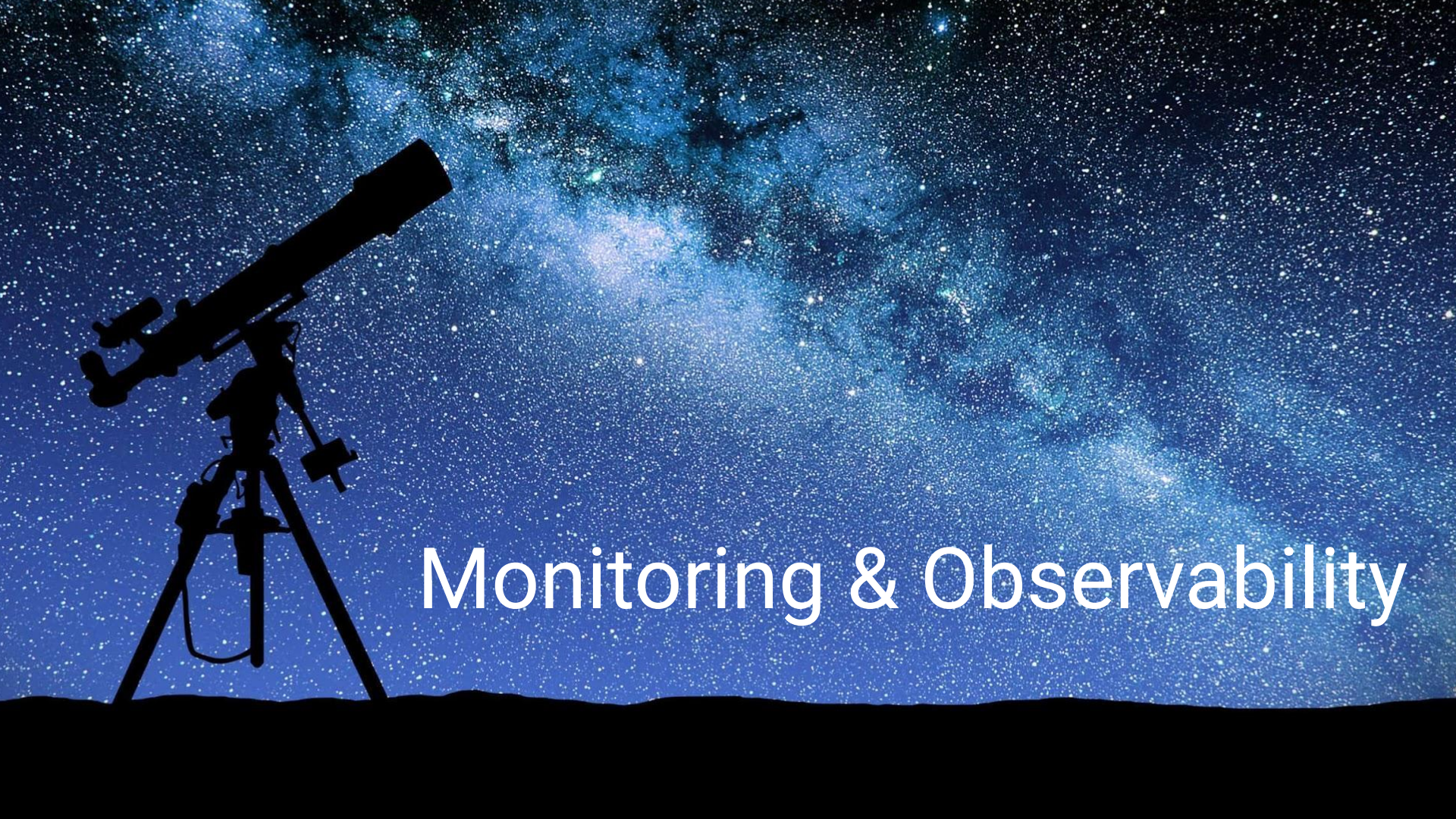
Kotlin is fully compatible with all Java-based frameworks, which lets you stay on your familiar technology stack while reaping the benefits of a more modern language.

- 40% less code = Easier to read, maintain and evolve
- Fail fast principle = Time to Market





- Expertise in Java Frameworks
- Learning curve, sprint in progress



Monitoring & Observability

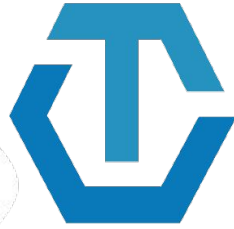
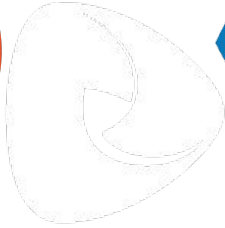
Monitoring is the practice of collecting signals, telemetry, traces, etc and aggregating them, and matching them against some pre-defined criteria of system states we should carefully watch. When we find that one of our signals has crossed a threshold and may be heading toward a known bad state, **we take action to remedy the system**

- Christian Posta

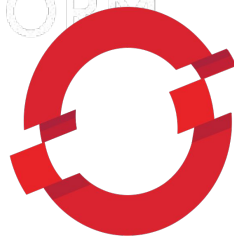
Monitoring is a subset of
Observability

Observability on the other hand supposes up front that our systems are **highly unpredictable** and we **cannot know all** of the possible failure modes up front

We need to collect **much more data**, even high-cardinality data like **userIDs, requestIDs**, source IPs, etc where the entire set could be exponentially large



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Everything have been possible,
because we formed a great
Team Mindset



In a fixed mindset, people believe their **basic qualities**, like their intelligence or talent, are simply **fixed traits**. Contrarily, in a growth mindset, people believe that their most basic abilities can be **developed** through dedication and hard work.

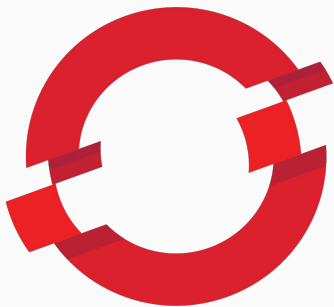




- Hands-on
- Tech talks
- Lightning talks
- Events
 - The Developer's Conference (TDC)
 - APIX
 - Meetups

Before & After

Before



OPENSHIFT



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API PLATFORM



spring[®]

{ **REST** }

After

Infrastructure



docker



OPENSIFT

Observability



Communication

{ REST }

RabbitMQ

GRPC

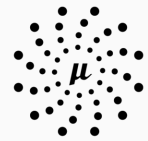
Frameworks



spring®



VERT.X



MICRONAUT

Languages



Databases



mongoDB



redis

Summary

2° Place

Team mindset

- Commitment
- Opportunity to grow and learn
- Feedbacks

1° Place

Last responsible moment

- Decisions
- Experience
- Maturity

3° Place

Technologies

- Understand the technologies concepts
- Business value

Thanks a million!

Questions?



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